#### Phonological-Orthographic Substitution Evaluation



**Intervention Manual** 

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# What is the P-O-S-E<sup>©</sup> designed to measure?

- A criterion-referenced screening test, the Phonological Orthographic Substitution Evaluation (P-O-S-E°) is designed to extract underlying phonological codes operating in the student's reading and spelling processes.
- Focuses on short vowel proficiency using monosyllabic non-words and low frequency of occurrence real words.

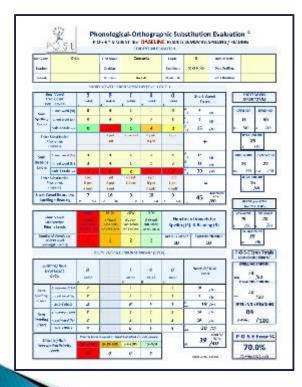
#### Why short vowels?

- Common Core State Standards target 2<sup>nd</sup> grade for mastery of short vowels in monosyllabic words and the silent /e/ rule.
- Research based through rigorous compilation of reading models and assessment standards.
- Failure to acquire accurate short vowel knowledge inhibits future acquisition of long vowels.

# How does the P-O-S-E<sub>0</sub> measure a students performance?

- The P-O-S-E<sup>©</sup> measures a student's ability to spell and subsequently to read real and non-words selected to probe the automaticity of underlying phonological patterns.
- Error patterns serve as the prescriptive base for a directed program of vowel training to correct weak and erroneous phonological-orthographic associations.

The P-O-S-E<sup>©</sup> screening test performance outcomes on the five short vowels and the generalized silent /e/ rule are presented in the form of detailed individual student test data summaries in both tabular and graphic format.





- FIVE SHORT VOWELS
- Indications for short vowel remediation are sorted into four color-coded intervention priority levels:

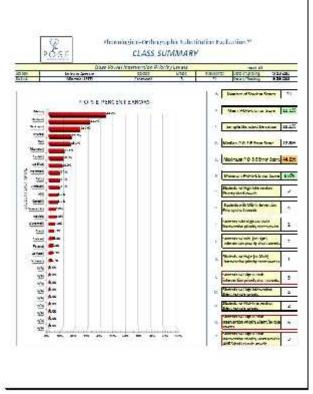
Short Vowel	HIGH	MID-	LOW	N/A
Intervention	# Variet	# Vowel	# Vowel	# Vowel
Priority Levels	Sub-Totals m/5-8 Errors	Sub-Totals w/ 3-4 Errors	Sub-Totals w/ 2 Errors	Sub-Totals w/ 0-1 Error

- SILENT /E/ RULE (Generalized)
- Indications for generalized silent /e/ rule remediation are sorted into four color-coded intervention priority levels:

	Priority Level is based on total # of silent /e/ rule errors.				
Silent /e/ Rule Intervention Priority Levels	>20=HIGH	10-19=MID	5-9=LOW	< 5=N/A	

- CLASS SUMMARY DATA
- When P-O-S-E<sup>©</sup> data are processed as a service, a summary report of entire class outcomes is available in tabular and graphic form.





### Assessing and Planning Intervention

- Assemble a team which may include: speech, reading, special educator, ESL teacher, classroom teacher
- Review classroom reports for high and mid-intervention priority students
- Assign students to multiple staff who have student on case load
- Develop a chart for high and mid intervention students with staff assignments

# Remediation in the general education classroom

- Where do we begin?
  Review the classroom summary report
  - Short vowels are the intervention priority
  - Note student error types
  - Make a list of students with same errors
  - Students with high intervention priority will be receiving intervention with adjunct staff members
  - Form groups of students based on errors needing correction

#### Auditory training of short vowels

- Detect and describe short vowel errors and substitutions
- Select short vowels for auditory training remediation
- Begin with 3 short vowels, one known, two in error

#### Materials:

- Use dry-erasable boards, pens and erasers for materials
- Use short vowel icon cards

# Sequence of short vowel teaching process

- First, review the names of the letters in the alphabet and the sounds of the letters
- Review the concept of vowels versus consonants
- Use short vowel template cards to teach letter names and sounds
- Have students name the letters and produce sounds

#### Sequence of Auditory Training

#### Auditory detection of sound

- Student detects the appropriate short vowel produced by teacher and marks correct vowel
- Vowels marked in error are restated
- Target vowel is matched to icon

# Continued sequence of auditory training

#### Auditory discrimination

- Student listens to two short vowel sounds and correctly identifies sounds with letters
- Increase presentation to three short vowel sounds
- Present short vowel + final consonant for correct identification

# Auditory identification with speech response

- Short vowel is presented orally. covering mouth, student repeats sound accurately
- If in error, orally present short vowel and have student repeat sound

### Secondary information regarding consonants

Initial or final blends

Initial blends include: dr, st, cl, bl, fl, ch Final blends include: ck, st, sh, ch, nd, mp

Letter orientation
 b or d reversals
 p and b reversals
 d and g confusions

# What order do we teach remediation of the error types?

- First...
  Initial consonants and blends
- Second...
  Final consonants and blends
- Third... Letter orientation
- Fourth... Short vowel error mastery Short vowels can accurately be reproduced in real and nonsense words
- Fifth...
  Introduce the silent e rule words
- Sixth
   Practice short vowels and silent e words

# What reference materials are available for teaching the rules?

Initial consonants and blends

#### Basic Angling Practice Book-Student book

- Initial blends page 20
- Final blends page 21
- Teach initial blends first
- Use both real and nonsense words
- Demonstrate sound and have student produce the sound
- Refer to word lists given in handout using Level 1 and Level 2
- Fountas & Pinnell Word Study book

### Specific word ending consonant blends

- Final consonant
  Basic Angling for Words
  - nk words Page 24
  - ng words Page 24
  - sh words Page 25
- Initial and final consonant blends Basic Angling for Words

ck words Page 23 ch words Page 27 tch words Page 27 th words Page 26

### Teaching letter orientation

- Identify type of letter orientation reversal
- Techniques

Make a bed with your hands (see handout for further description Watch me carefully "abc my d" For the letter /b/, first "make the bat, then make the ball" For the letter /d/, first draw the doorknob, then the door

Have students edit their writing to identify letter reversal errors

# Teaching short vowel error mastery

- Short vowel errors occur most frequently on vowels produced in similar ways
- Techniques

Short /o/ and short vowel /u/ are low back vowels

Demonstrate short /o/, use iconic symbol "octopus"

Demonstrate short /u/, use iconic symbol *up* or *umbrella* 

Present CVC words with one vowel initially using real and nonsense words having the student mark the vowel heard in the word

#### Short vowel icons

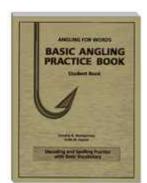
- Short /a/ apple
- Short /e/ Ed
- Short /i/ itch
- Short /o/ octopus
- Short /u/ up OR umbrella

#### Materials used for short vowel error correction

<u>Basic Angling Practice Book</u>-Student Book

Short vowel in one syllable words

- Short /a/ page 1
- Short /i/ page 1
- Short /u/ page 4
- Short /o/ page 10
- Short /e/ page 7



#### Short vowel in consonant blends

- Short /a/ page 14
- Short /i/ page 15
- Short /u/ page 16
- Short /e/ page 18
- Short /o/ page 19

#### More materials used for short vowel error correction

- See handout page 81 for lists of short vowels
- Fountas & Pinnell Word Study Book

### To establish mastery of short vowel errors

- Have student read short lists of CVC's with real and nonsense words containing the short vowel error
- Have student write short lists of CVC's with real and nonsense words containing the short vowel error
- Write sentences containing words from the lists
- Student can use nonsense words as character names or places

#### Introduce the silent /e/ rule words

- Mastery of short vowel words is first completed
- Introduce silent /e/ rule words found in error on student response sheets
- Teach vowel-consonant-e Materials <u>Basic Angling For Words</u> <u>Book</u>
  - Long a-consonant-e Page 50, 51
  - Long i-consonant-e Page 52
  - Long o-consonant-e Page 53
  - Long u-consonant-e Page 55
  - · Long e-consonant-e Page 56

# Students read words with short vowels and silent /e/ rule

- Present sentences mixing CVC, CCVCC and silent e rule
- Student reads words priming the use of decoding rules with CVC and silent e rule words
- Students read teacher selected text material with single syllable words and silent e rule words
- Students spell words mixing words with short vowels and silent e rules

#### Final Stage

- Measure student acquisition of rules taught using nonsense words mixed with real words
- Student can perform on a spelling test accurately spelling words taught
- Student can write sentences using words at mastery level
- Student can read practice sentences, pages 13, 17, in **Angling For Word Study Book**
- V-consonant-e compound words can be spelled and read on page 59 of the word study book